

CRW 2023



CANCER REAL WORLD V edizione

RESPONSABILI SCIENTIFICI: Giovanni Apolone, Pierfranco Conte, Giovanni Corrao

USE OF REAL WORLD DATA IN THE R&D JOURNEY OF NEW DRUGS

Suzette DELALOGUE, Department of Cancer Medicine, Gustave Roussy, Paris, France

Disclosure of interest

Suzette Delaloge

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- **Research support (to my institution)**
- AstraZeneca, MSD, BMS, Sanofi, Taiho, Novartis
- European Commission, INCa, Banque des Territoires, Fondation Philanthropia
- **Honoraria for lectures and advisory boards (to my institution)**
- Astra Zeneca, Gilead, Novartis, Elsan, Besins, Sanofi, Exact Sciences, Lilly
- **Travel support**
- Novartis (SPDV)



CASES FOR RWD ANALYSES BY REGULATORS

1

Understand the clinical context

Disease epidemiology

Clinical management

Drug utilisation

2

Support the planning and validity of trials

Design and feasibility of planned studies

Representativeness and validity of completed studies

3

(Retrospective) assessment of impact

Effectiveness and safety studies

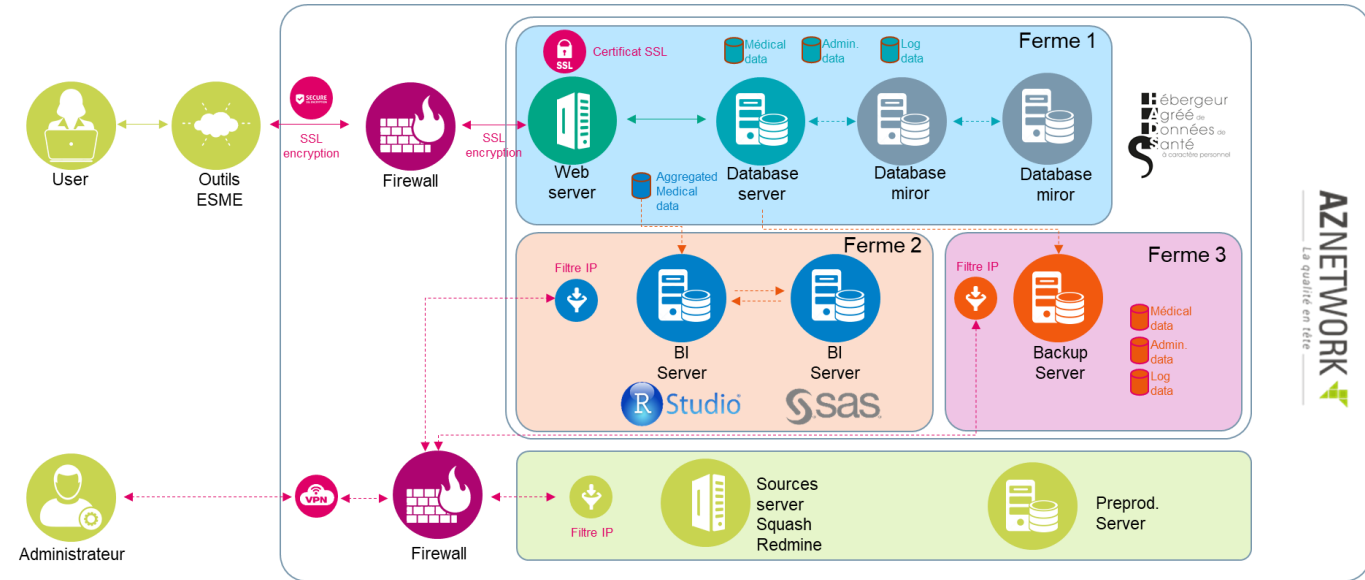
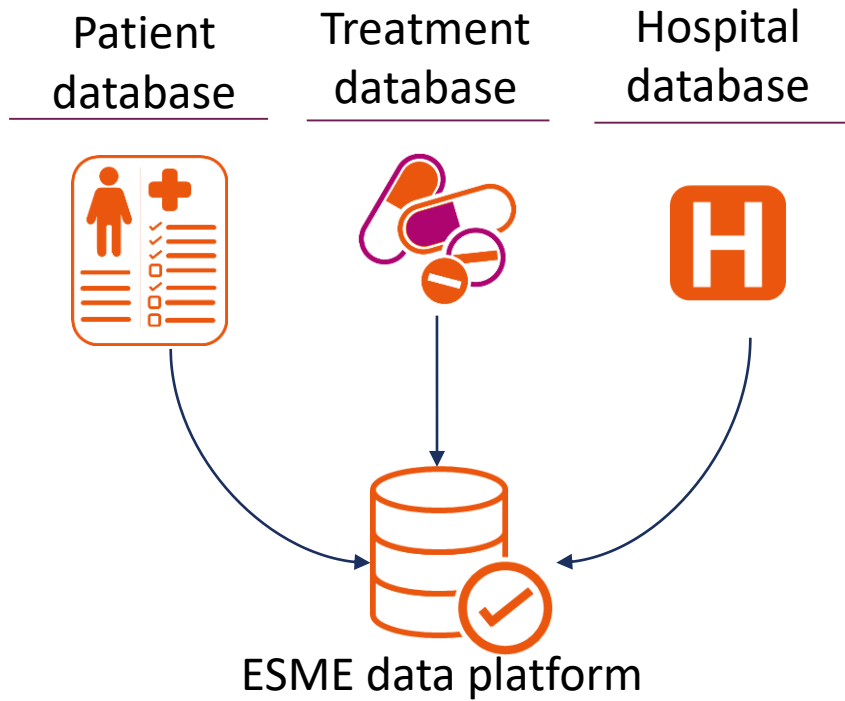
Impact of regulatory actions

FRENCH ESME METASTATIC BREAST CANCER COHORT

- 32,598 consecutive metastatic breast cancer patients accrued so far
- 2008 – ongoing
- 19 French Comprehensive Cancer centers
- Over 30% of all MBCs in France



FRENCH ESME METASTATIC BREAST CANCER COHORT

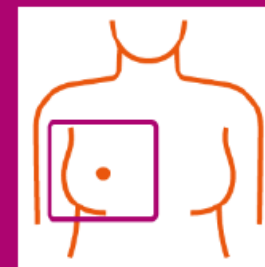


Careful data administration using an Oracle Solution hosted by a « Certified Personal health data hosting » provider

Strictly controlled methodology for data collection and analysis



Figures to know about the 2023 metastatic Breast Cancer database



Selection criteria

- Female or male patients
- ≥18 years old
- with mBC whose first metastatic event was treated (completely or partially) in a French Comprehensive Cancer Center

Selection period: 2008-2021

Database extracted in 2023

32 598 patients with
metastatic breast cancer (mBC)

♂ 281

♀ 32 317

HR / HER2 profiles

Global IHC profile determined:

- within 3 months from mBC diagnosis or
- at primary tumor if not available at mBC diagnosis

ESMÉ

unicancer

De novo / relapsed

10 843

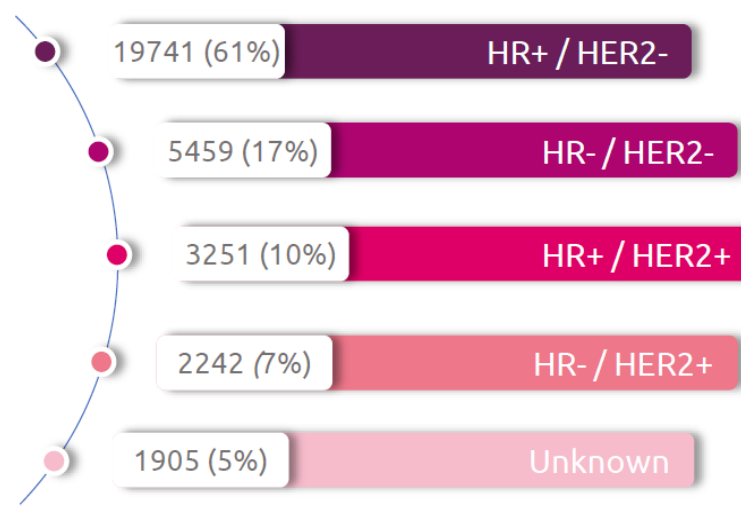
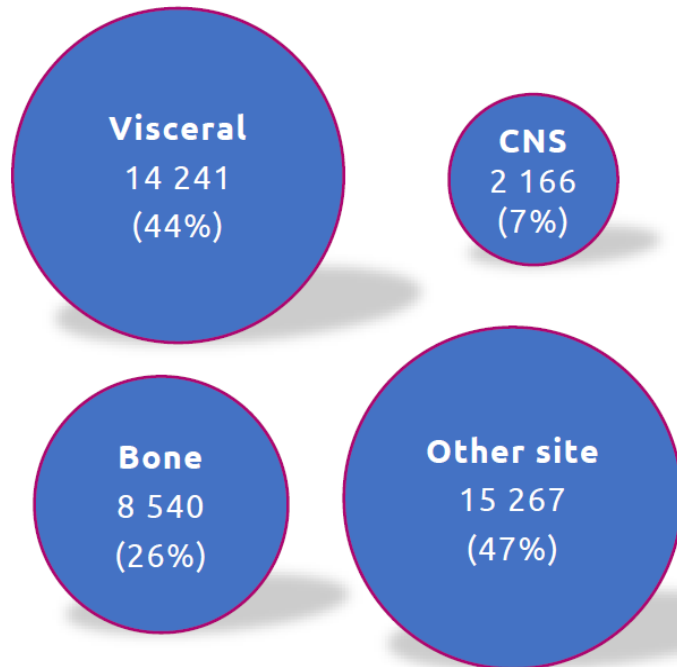
patients with *de novo* mBC

21 755

patients with *relapsed* mBC

Metastatic disease

At mBC diagnosis



BRCA testing

5 845 patients

have undergone *BRCA* testing

► 527 patients with a *germline BRCA* mutation

Follow-up

Median follow-up **89.4** months

According to reverse Kaplan-Meier Method

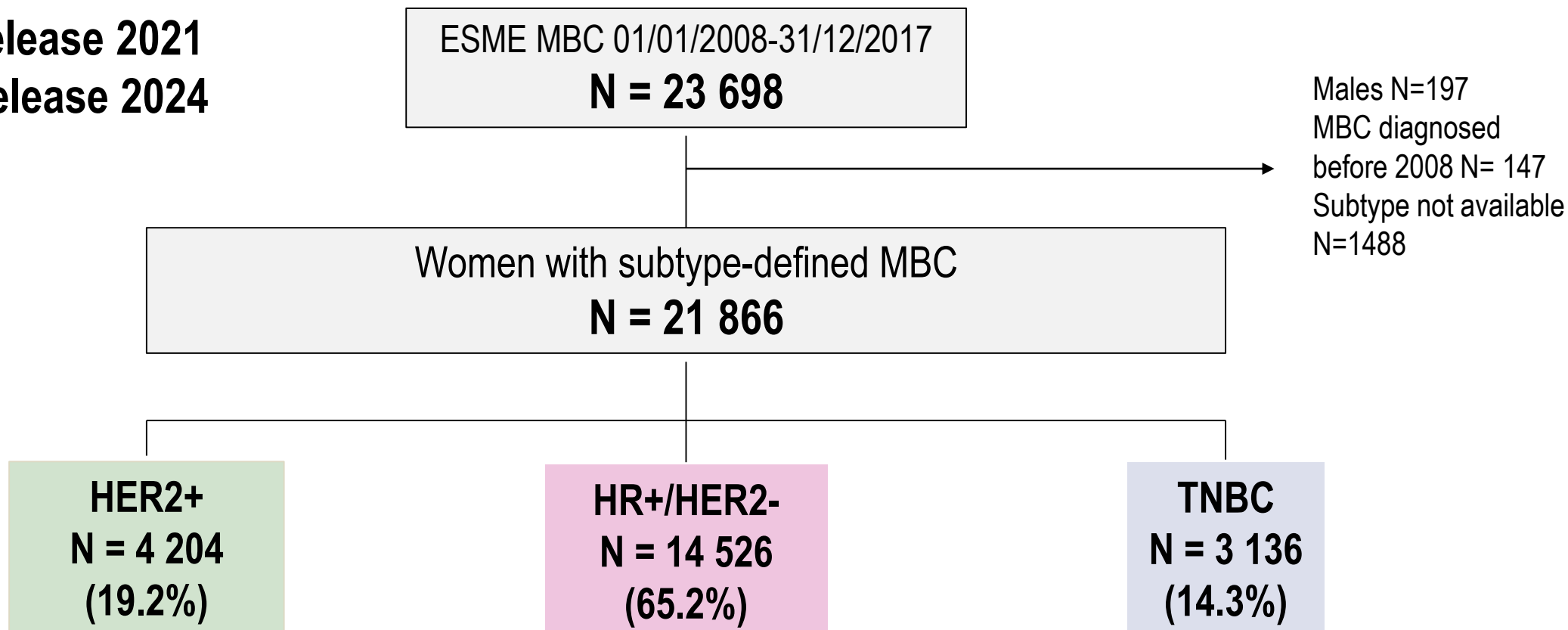
Minimum estimated follow-up

- 36 months for 28 600 patients
- 60 months for 22 900 patients

(Retrospective)
assessment of
impact

EVOLUTION OF OVERALL SURVIVAL OVER THE PAST 14 YEARS IN ESME-MBC

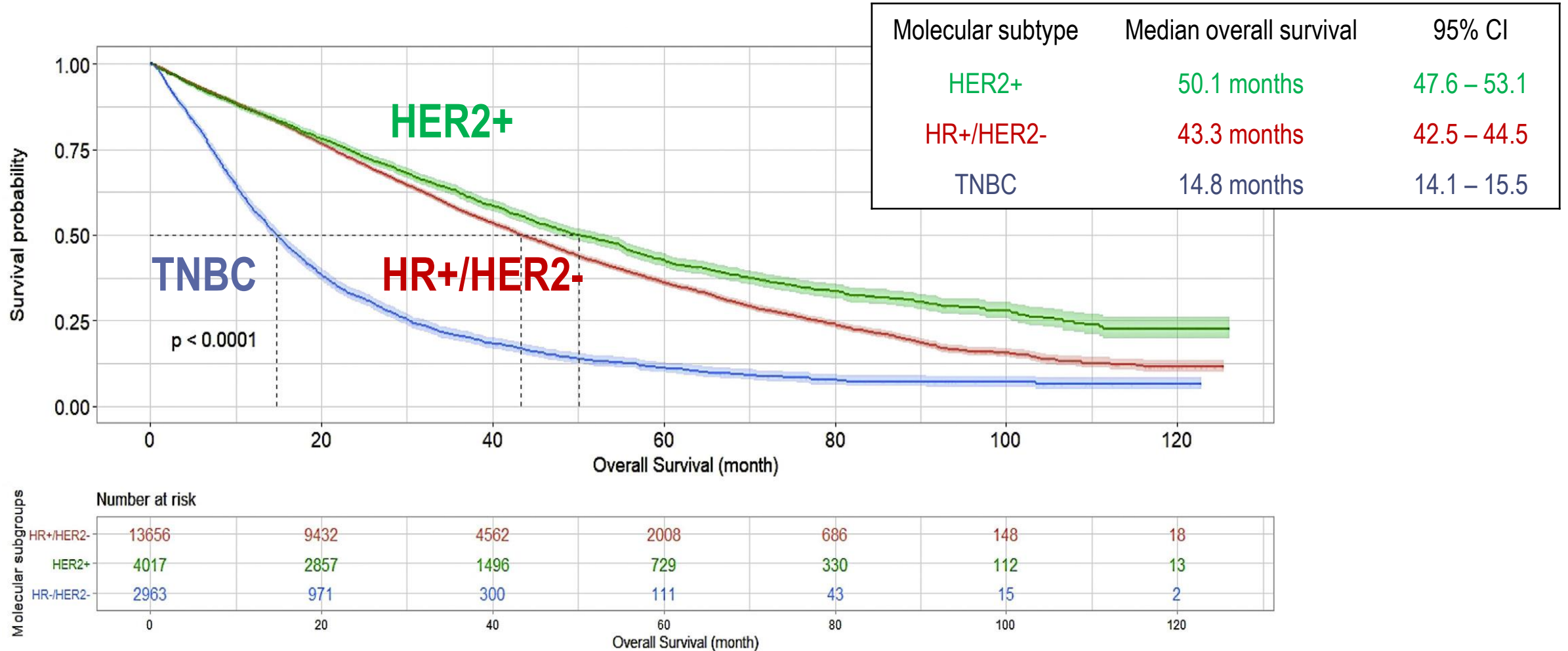
Last release 2021
Next release 2024



HR: Hormone receptor
TNBC: Triple negative breast cancer

OVERALL SURVIVAL BY SUBTYPE

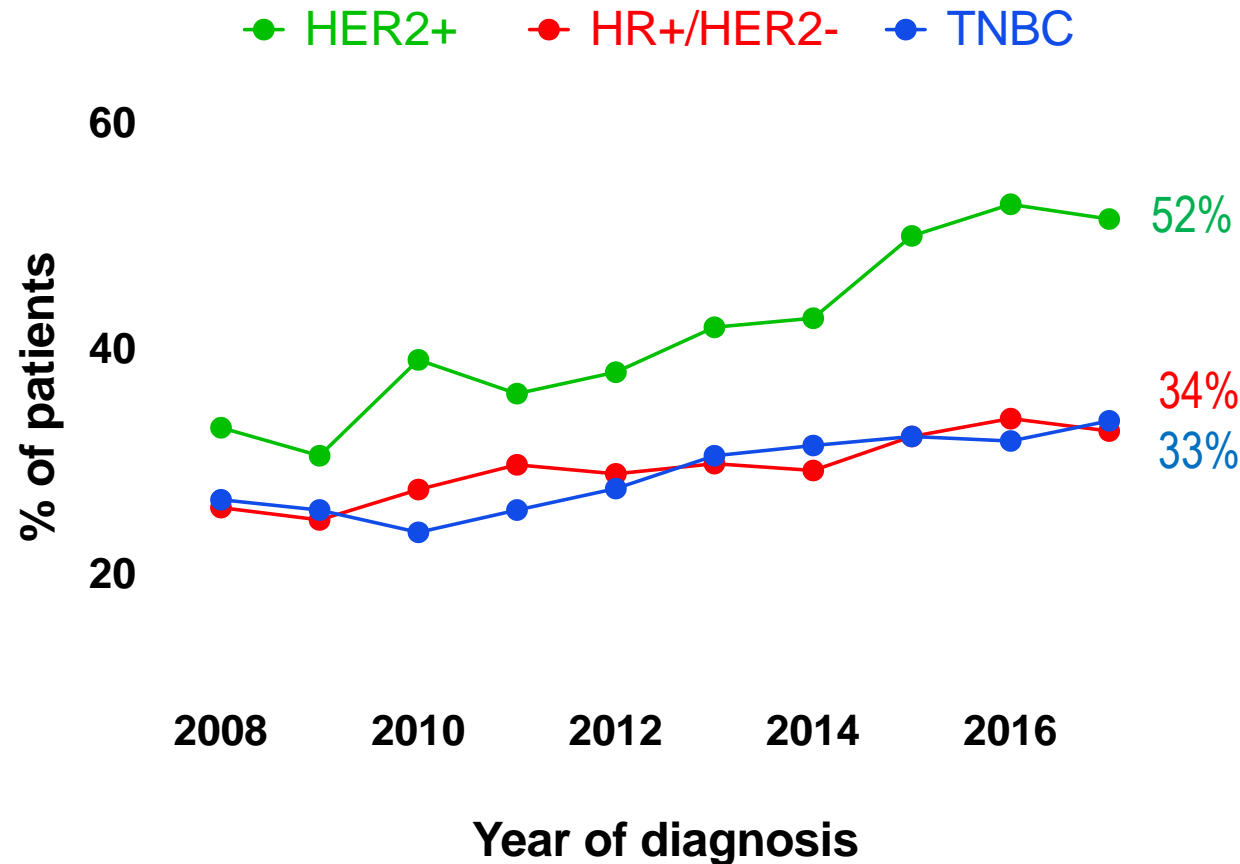
2008-2017 period



EVOLUTION OF PATIENTS' CHARACTERISTICS AT MBC DIAGNOSIS

Evolution of the proportion of de novo metastatic breast cancer by year of diagnosis

N= 21 886

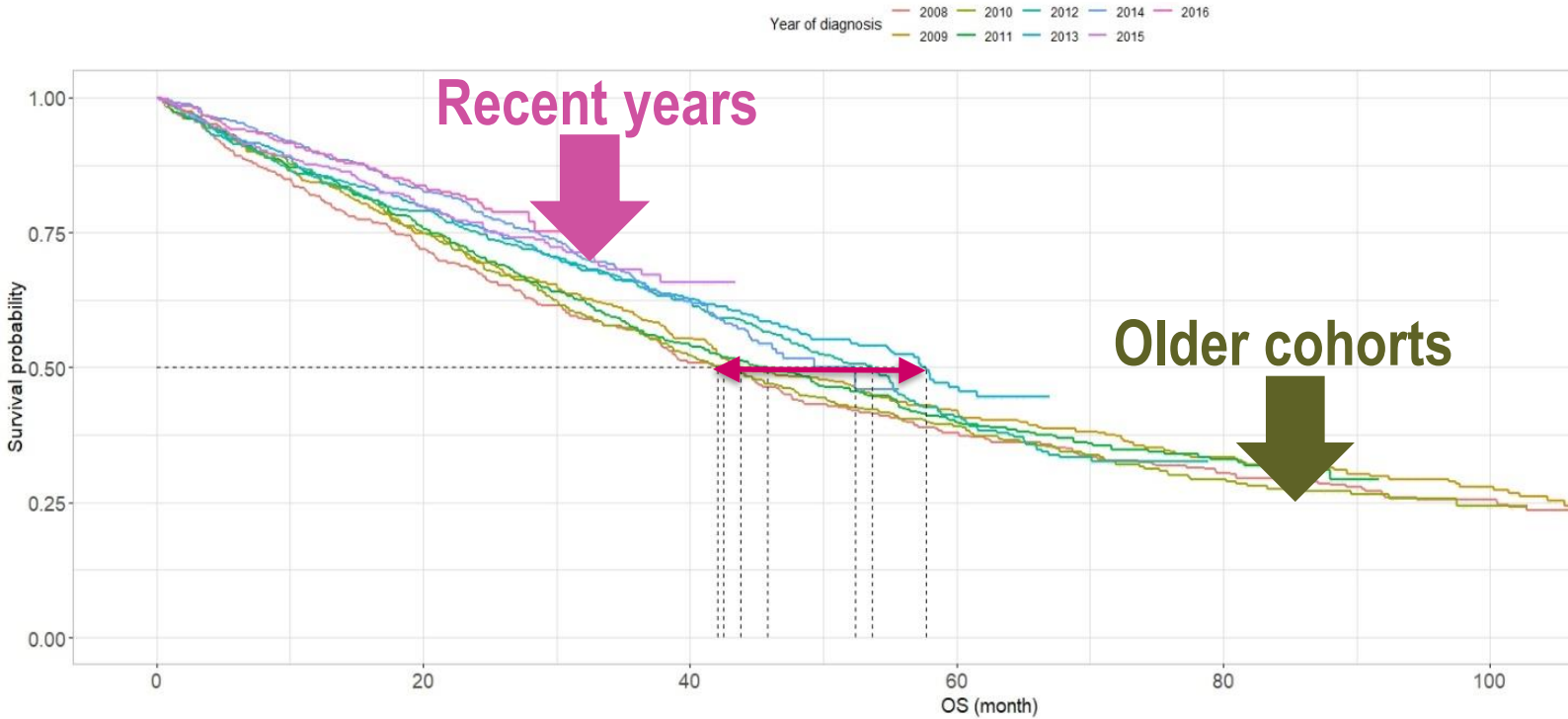


The increase of de novo MBCs may be related to:

- **More patients cured at the localized stage (HER2 +++)**
- Improved sensitivity of diagnostic tests for better initial staging (all subtypes)

OUTCOMES IN HER2+ SUBTYPE

Evolution of overall survival in HER2+ subtype by year of diagnosis



Median OS (95% CI) (months) by year of diagnosis of MBC

2008	39.1 (36.2 - 46.5)
2011	41.1 (35.5 - 48.3)
2013	58.0 (52.0 - 68.4)
2016	NR (NR - NR)

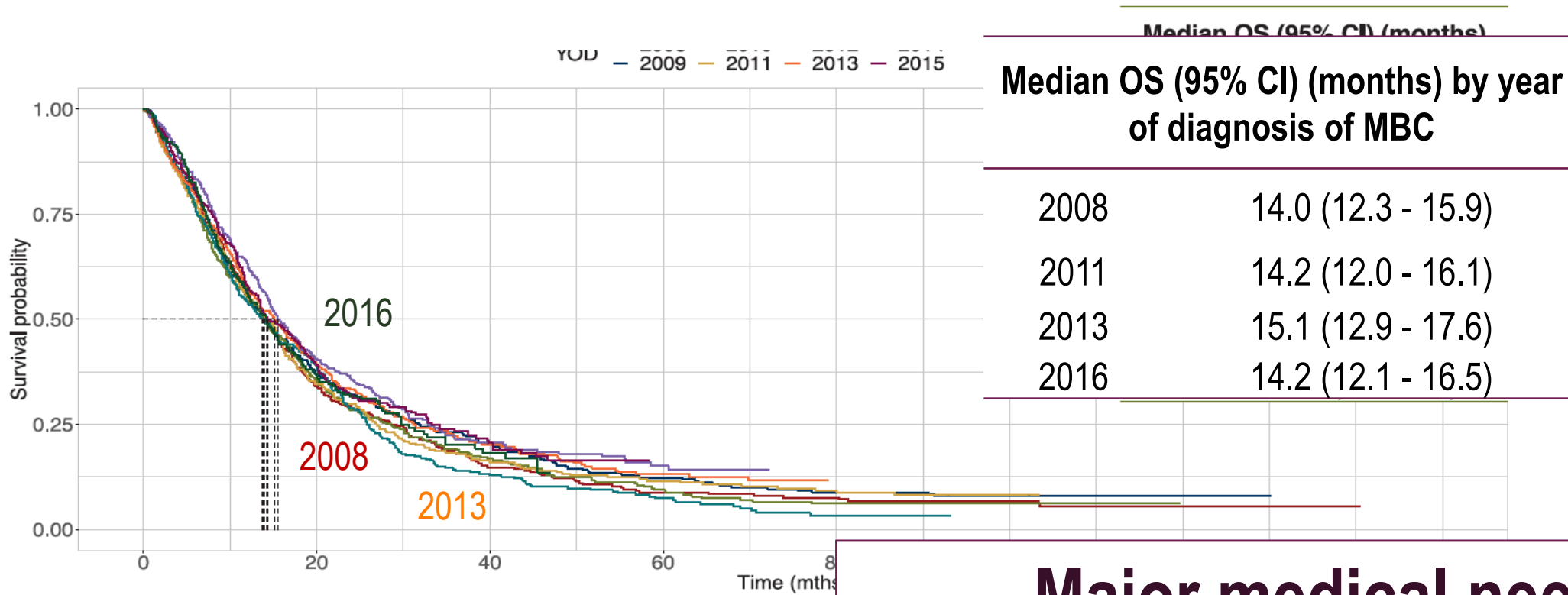
Major improvements in OS by year of diagnosis

Year of diagnosis	0	20	40	60	80	100	120
2008	385	260	172	124	95	54	13
2009	427	306	218	155	104	50	0
2010	421	305	198	136	71	8	0
2011	470	343	229	141	60	0	0
2012	505	379	269	115	0	0	0
2013	530	400	237	58	0	0	0
2014	484	356	147	0	0	0	0
2015	430	266	26	0	0	0	0
2016	365	242	0	0	0	0	0

OUTCOMES IN TNBC SUBTYPE

Evolution of overall survival in TNBC subtype by year of diagnosis

D



Median OS (95% CI) (months) by year of diagnosis of MBC

Year	Median OS (95% CI) (months)
2008	14.0 (12.3 - 15.9)
2011	14.2 (12.0 - 16.1)
2013	15.1 (12.9 - 17.6)
2016	14.2 (12.1 - 16.5)

YOD	0	20	40	60	80
2008	326	106	41	23	1
2009	356	115	57	32	2
2010	357	117	49	24	1
2011	302	96	42	27	1
2012	329	120	37	18	1
2013	327	117	48	26	0
2014	336	124	47	16	0
2015	316	99	35	0	0
2016	288	87	16	0	0

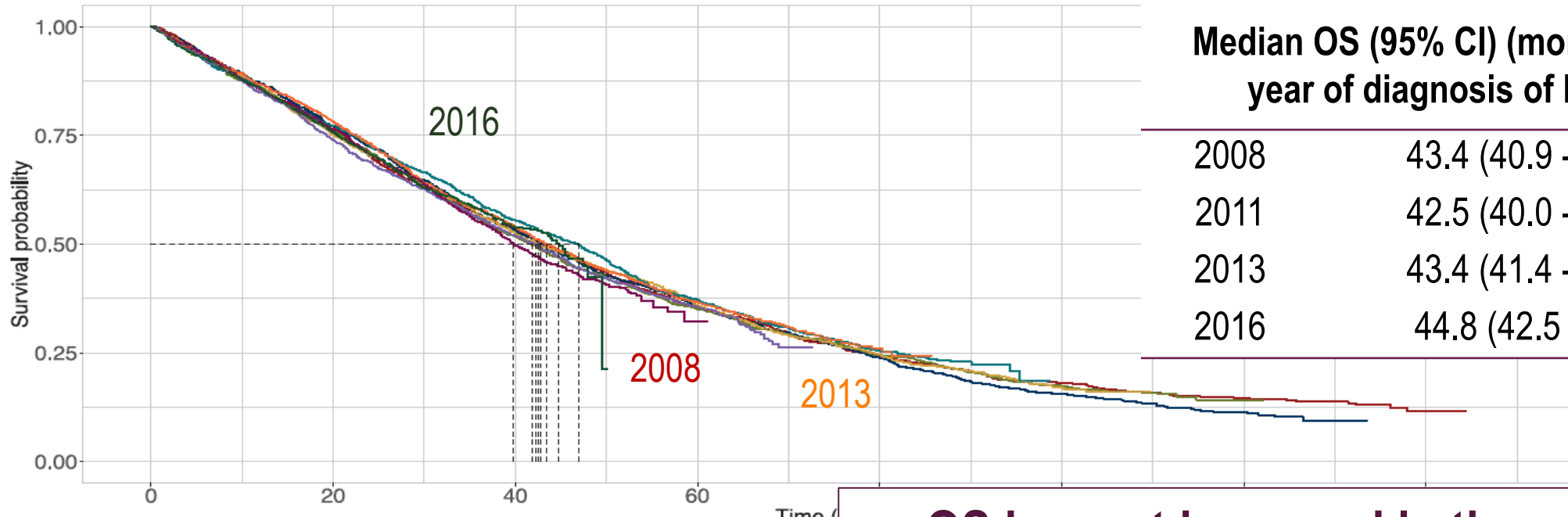
Major medical need!
 Of note, this does not take into account recent advances (IO, ADCs...)

OUTCOMES IN HR+/HER2- SUBTYPE

Evolution of overall survival in HR+/HER2+ subtype by year of diagnosis

Based on Kaplan–Meier estimates

YOD — 2008 — 2010 — 2012 — 2014 — 2016
— 2009 — 2011 — 2013 — 2015



Median OS (95% CI) (months)
by year of diagnosis of MBC

Median OS (95% CI) (months) by
year of diagnosis of MBC

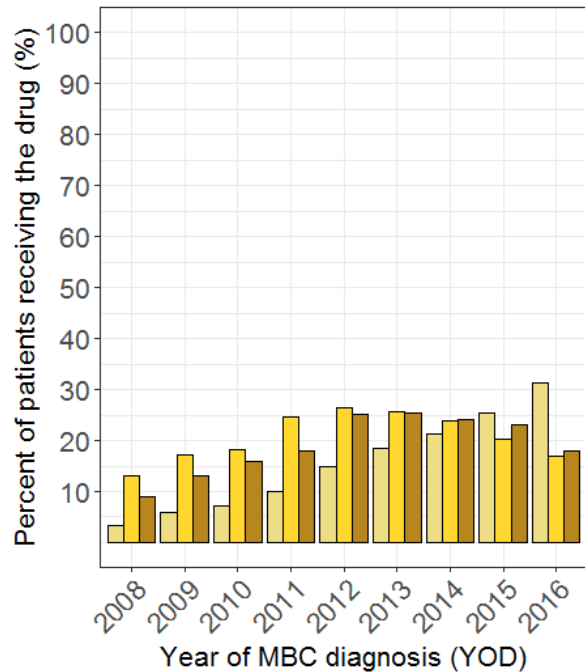
2008	43.4 (40.9 - 46.5)
2011	42.5 (40.0 - 45.9)
2013	43.4 (41.4 - 46.4)
2016	44.8 (42.5 - NR)

YOD	0	20	40	60
2008	1378	1010	659	406
2009	1405	1037	679	419
2010	1473	1068	687	430
2011	1591	1132	748	475
2012	1609	1168	766	442
2013	1636	1203	760	394
2014	1602	1105	634	200
2015	1487	990	407	2
2016	1409	950	223	0

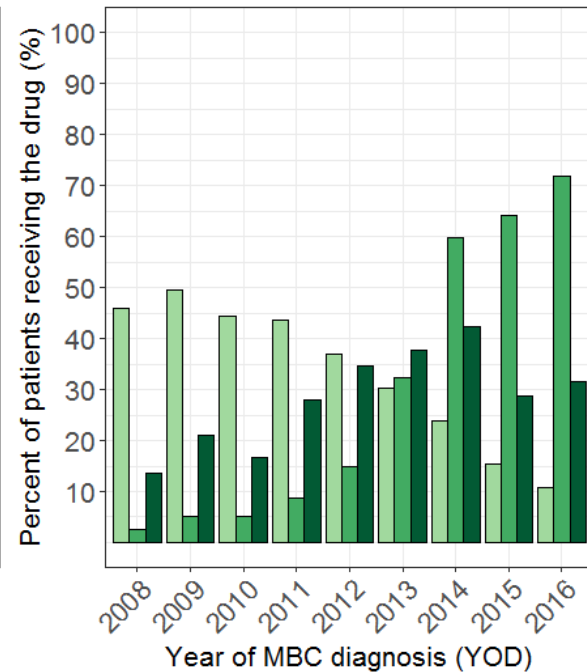
OS has not improved in the past 12 years
However, we cannot yet observe the effects of CDK4/6 inhibitors

RECEIPT OF NEWLY RELEASED TREATMENTS PER SUBTYPE AND YEAR OF DIAGNOSIS

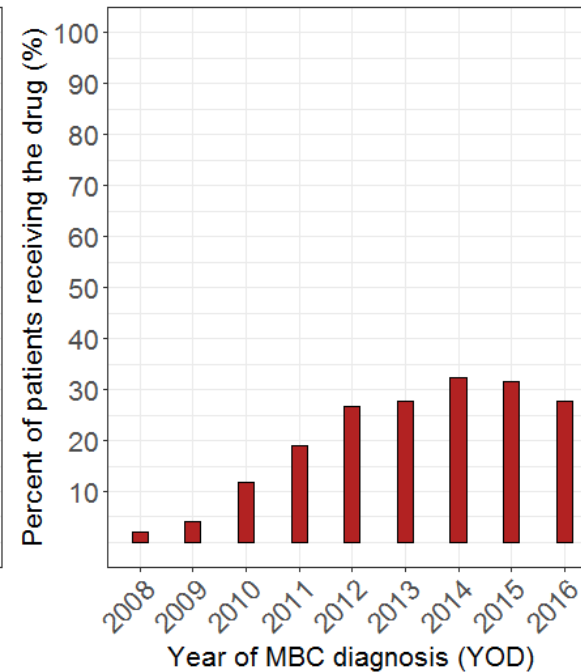
HR+/HER2-



HER2+



TNBC



→ More new treatments in HER2 subtype during that period
 → Very high breakthrough of anti-HER2 therapies compared to other new treatments

ANY CDK4/6 INHIB. ERIBULIN EVEROLIMUS

LAPATINIB PERTUZUMAB T-DM1

ERIBULIN

Any CDK4/6 inh
 Eribulin
 Everolimus

Lapatinib
 Pertuzumab
 TDM1

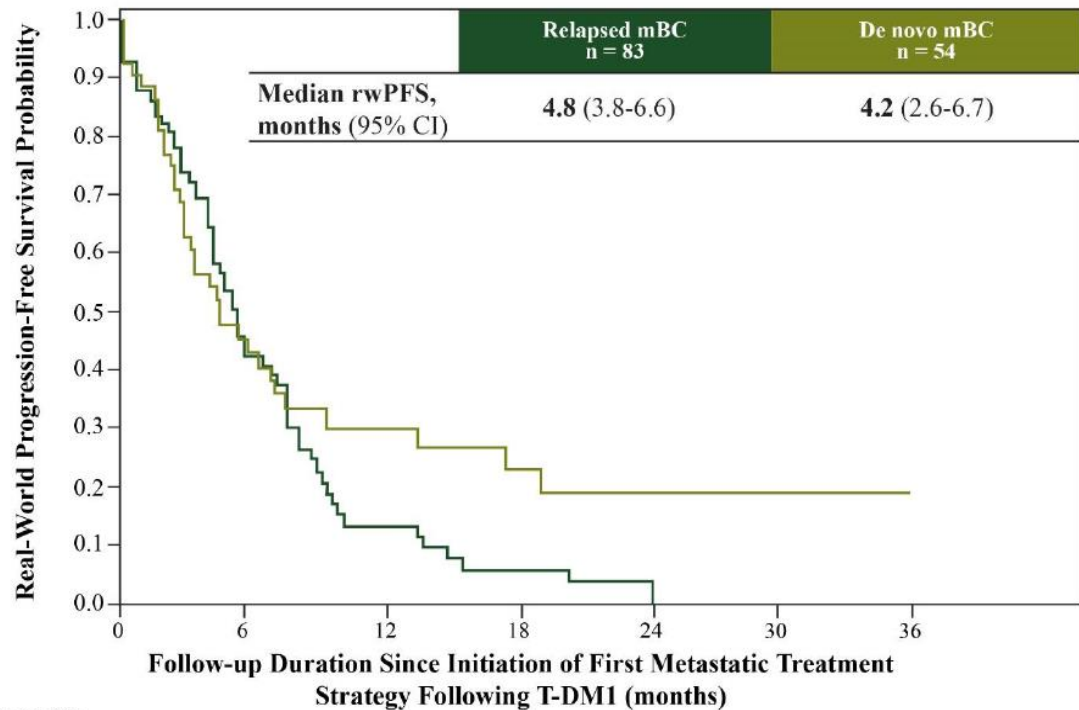
Eribuline

BENCHMARK FOR DESTINY BREAST 01 – TDXD 3RD+ LINE POST TDM1 FOR PATIENTS WITH HER+ MBC: **MATCHED COHORT**

(UNDER REVISION ESMO RWD AND DIGITAL ONCOL)

1 Understand the clinical context

HER2+ MBC PROGRESSION FREE SURVIVAL in ESME by de novo/not MATCHED

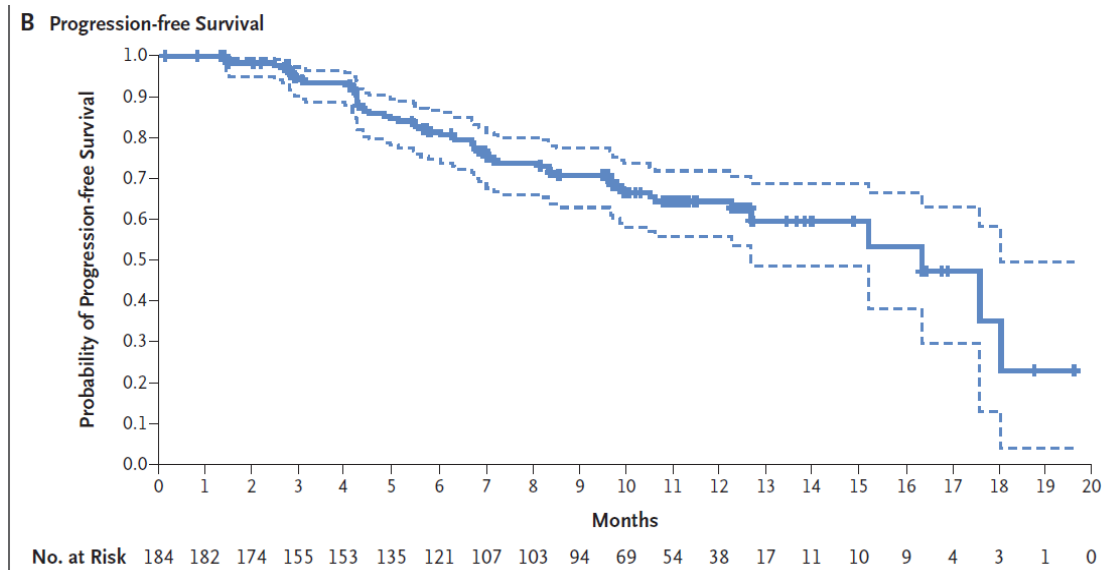


No. at risk:

	0	6	12	18	24	30	36
Relapsed mBC: 83	83	25	7	3	0		
De novo mBC: 54	54	17	9	6	5	3	1

PROGRESSION FREE SURVIVAL IN DESTINY B01 (Modi NEJM 2019)

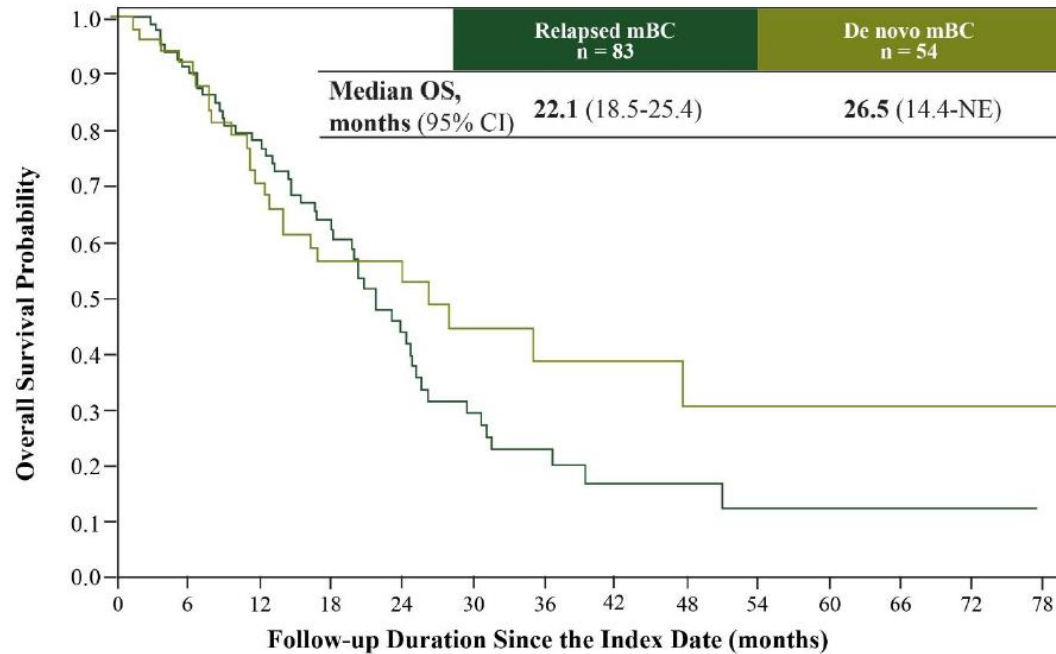
Median progression-free survival 16.4 months (95% CI, 12.-NR)



BENCHMARK FOR DESTINY BREAST 01 – TDXD 3RD+ LINE POST TDM1 FOR PATIENTS WITH HER+ MBC: **MATCHED COHORT**

(UNDER REVISION ESMO RWD DATA AND DIGITAL ONCOL)

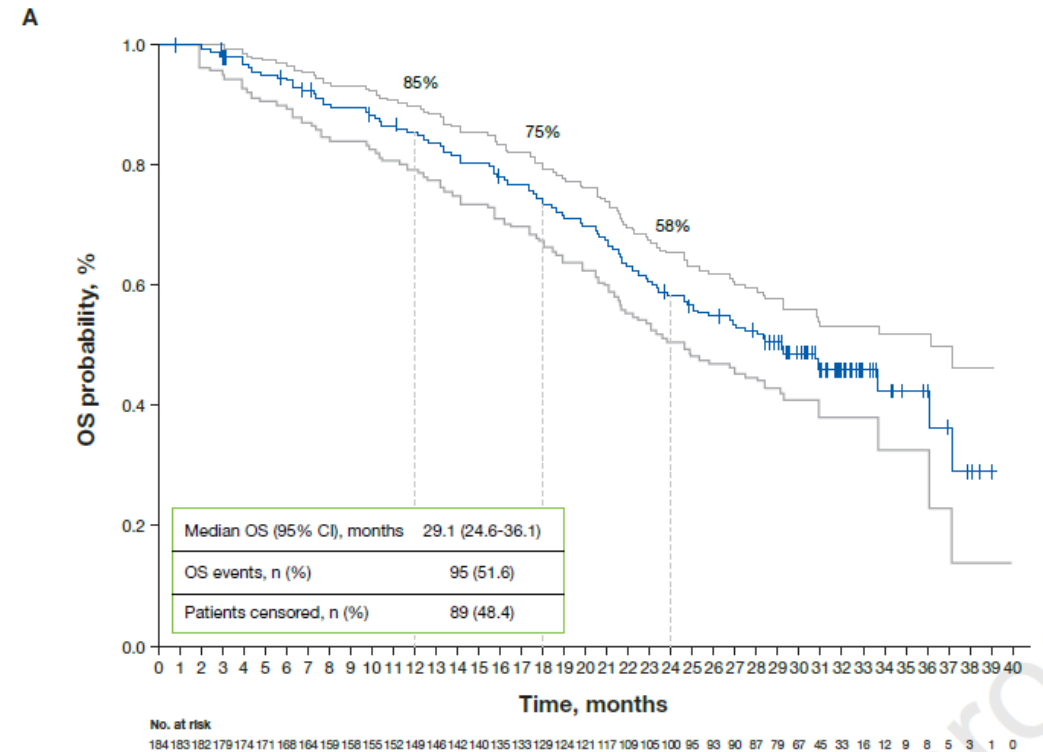
HER2+ MBC OVERALL SURVIVAL in ESME by de novo/not MATCHED



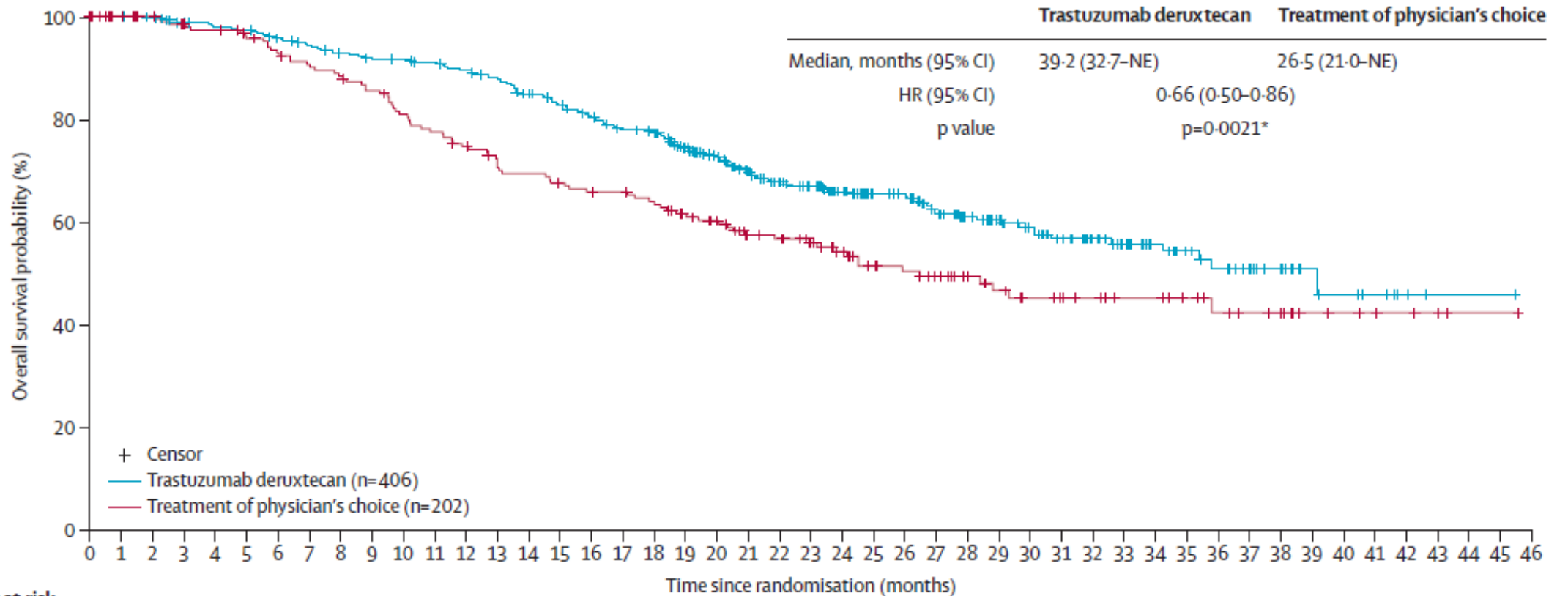
No. at risk:

Relapsed mBC:	83	73	58	38	23	14	9	4	4	3	3	2	1	0
De novo mBC:	54	46	33	21	17	11	7	6	4	3	3	2	2	1

OVERALL SURVIVAL IN DESTINY B01 (Saura Ann Oncol 2023)



CONFIRMATION IN DESTINY BREAST 02 (ANDRÉ ET AL LANCET 2023)

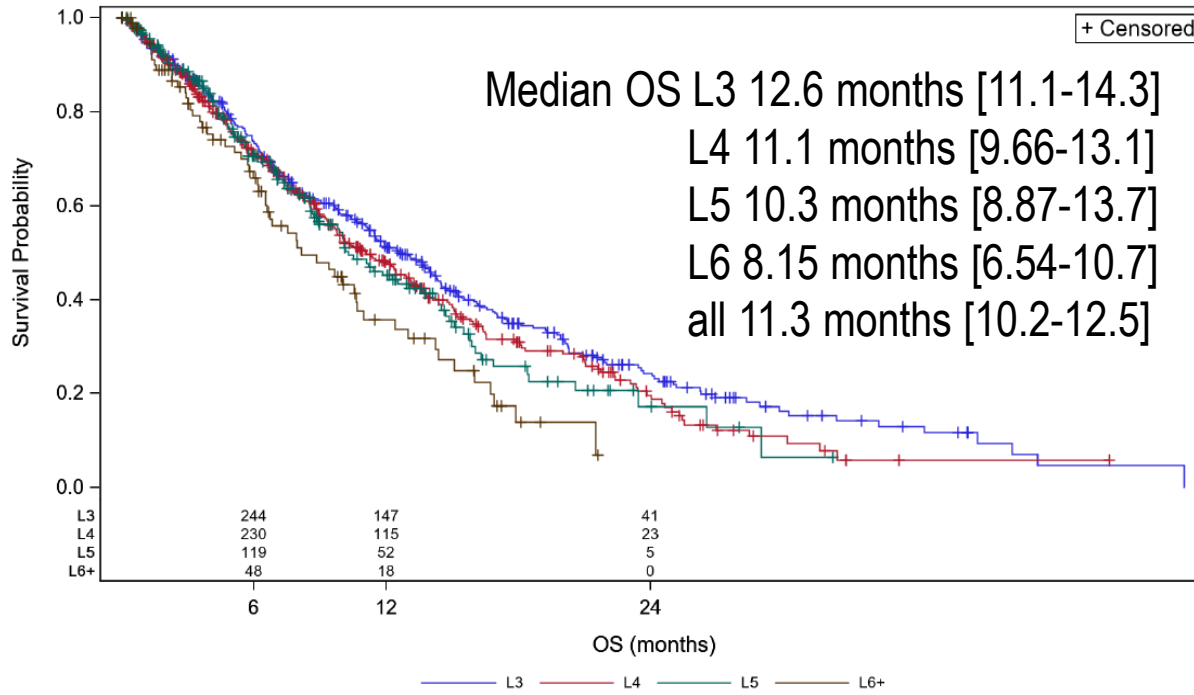


Number at risk

Trastuzumab deruxtecan	406	404	400	390	385	382	374	366	357	352	350	346	339	331	317	306	295	282	277	257	234	215	196	183	160	144	139	122	104	93	82	72	63	51	40	34	29	25	19	10	8	6	3	1	1	1	0	
Treatment of physician's choice	202	192	187	182	178	173	167	161	157	151	142	136	130	124	118	114	111	110	106	95	89	79	76	72	61	53	50	46	38	33	29	28	25	22	22	18	15	13	12	7	6	5	4	3	1	1	1	0

BENCHMARK FOR TROPICS 2 – SACITUZUMAB GOVITECAN FOR HR+ HER2- MBC, 3RD+ LINE

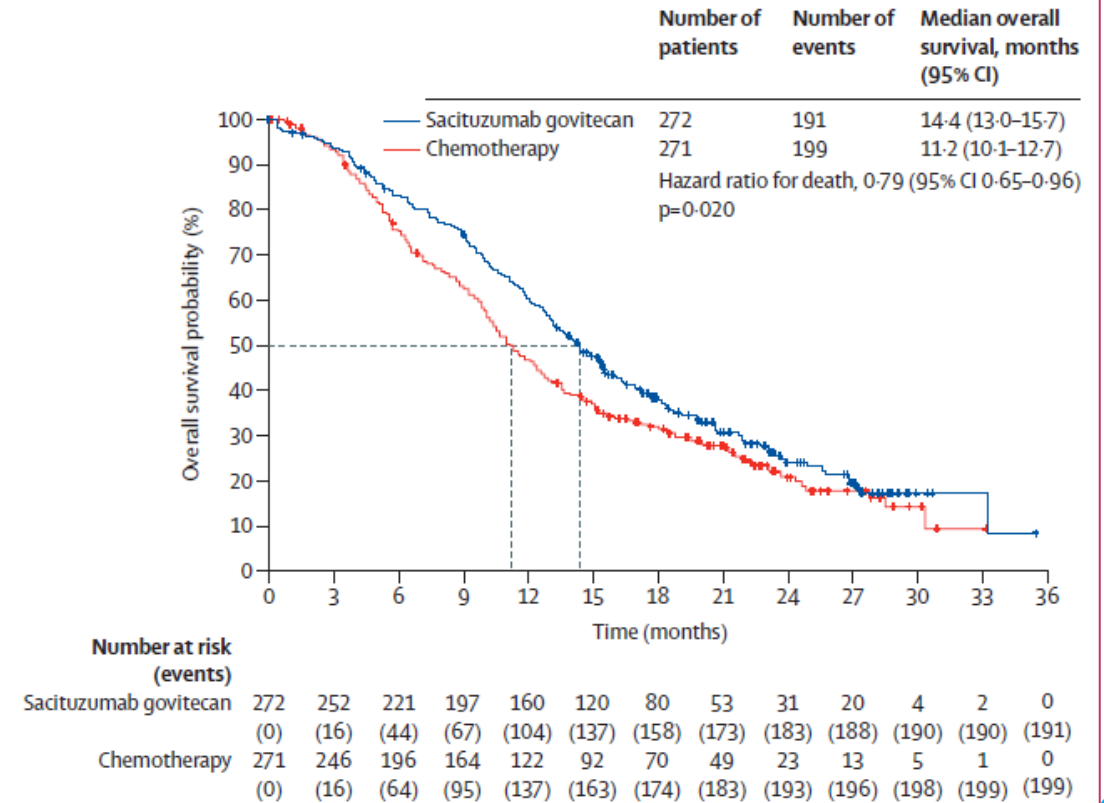
HR+ HER2- MBC OVERALL SURVIVAL by index line 3+ in ESME



Data extracted from ESME CSM Data Platform on 12-FEB-2021

Previous chemotherapy regimens in the metastatic setting, median (IQR)‡ 3 (2-3) 3 (2-3)

OVERALL SURVIVAL IN TROPICS 2 Rugo et al Lancet 2023



BENCHMARK FOR TROPICS 2 – SACITUZUMAB GOVITECAN FOR HR+ HER2- MBC, 3RD+ LINE

Progression-free survival by index line 3 and more in ESME

Table 6: Description of PFS according to index line

		L3 (N=363)	L4 (N=404)	L5 (N=235)
Patient's status	Nobs	363	404	235
	Not available	0	0	0
	Alive without progression n (%)	39 (10.7%)	60 (14.9%)	45 (19.1%)
	Progression including death n (%)	324 (89.3%)	344 (85.1%)	190 (80.9%)
PFS median from index line (months): x [95%CI]	Median [95%CI]	3.58 [3.09 - 3.94]	3.42 [3.22 - 4.07]	3.25 [2.96 - 3.84]
PFS rate (index line): x% [95%CI]	6 months % [95%CI]	28.2 [23.4 ; 33.0]	30.2 [25.5 ; 34.9]	25.0 [19.0 ; 31.1]
	12 months % [95%CI]	10.8 [7.4 ; 14.2]	8.7 [5.5 ; 11.9]	4.2 [1.1 ; 7.4]
	24 months % [95%CI]	1.9 [0.0 ; 3.8]	1.8 [-0.0 ; 3.5]	3.4 [0.5 ; 6.3]

Progression Free survival in TROPICS 2 Rugo et al LANCET 2023

BICR analysis	SG (n=272)	TPC (n=271)
Median PFS, mo (95% CI)	5.5 (4.2–7.0)	4.0 (3.1–4.4)
Stratified HR (95% CI)	0.66 (0.53–0.83)	
Stratified Log Rank <i>P</i> value	0.0003	
6-month PFS rate, % (95% CI)	46.1 (39.4–52.6)	30.3 (23.6–37.3)
9-month PFS rate, % (95% CI)	32.5 (25.9–39.2)	17.3 (11.5–24.2)
12-month PFS rate, % (95% CI)	21.3 (15.2–28.1)	7.1 (2.8–13.9)

1ST LINE ET + CDK4/6 INHIBITION: STRONG OVERALL SURVIVAL BENEFITS IN CLINICAL TRIALS

	Situation	OS observed
Monaleesa 2 (Hortobagyi NEJM 2022)	Endocrine-sensitive: Letrozole Letrozole + ribociclib	51.4 months 63.9 months
Paloma 2 (Finn ASCO 2022)	Endocrine-sensitive: Letrozole Letrozole + palbociclib	51.2 months 53.9 months
Monarch 3 (ESMO 2022)(INTERIM)	Endocrine-sensitive: NSAI NSAI + abemaciclib	54.5 months 67.1 months
Paloma 3 (Turner NEJM 2018, ASCO 2021)	Endocrine-resistant : Fulvestrant Fulvestrant + palbociclib	28.0 months (23.6-34.6) 34.9 months (28.8-40)
Monaleesa 3 (last Neven 2023 exploratory)	Endocrine-mixed : Fulvestrant Fulvestrant + ribociclib	51.8 months (40.4-61.2) 67.6 months (59.6 - NA)
Monarch 2 (Sledge JAMA oncol 2020)	Endocrine-mixed : Fulvestrant Fulvestrant + abemaciclib	37.3 months 46.7 months
Monaleesa 7 (Im NEJM 2019, Lu CCR 2022)	Endocrine-mixed : Letrozole Letrozole + ribociclib	48 months 58.7 months

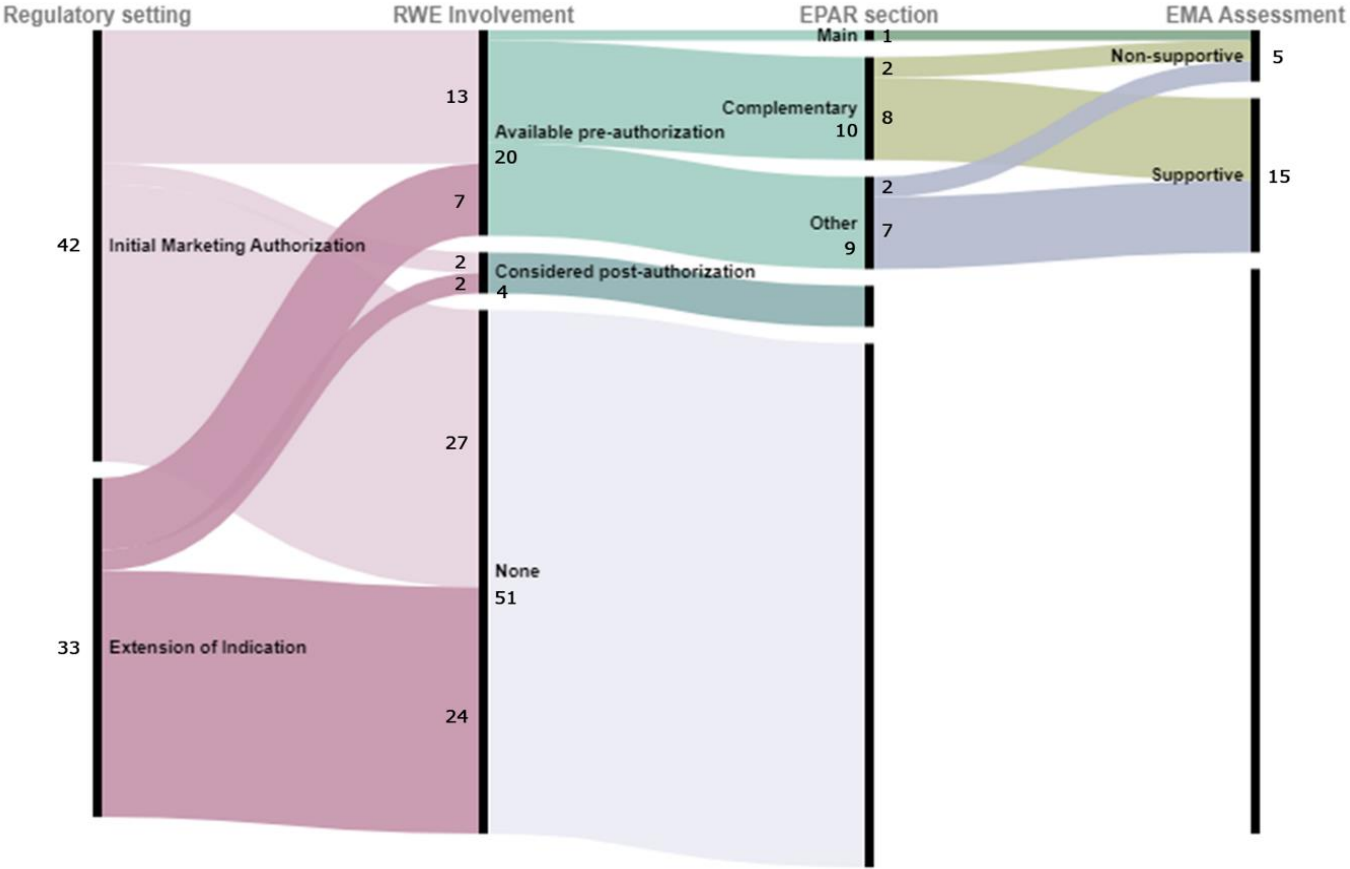
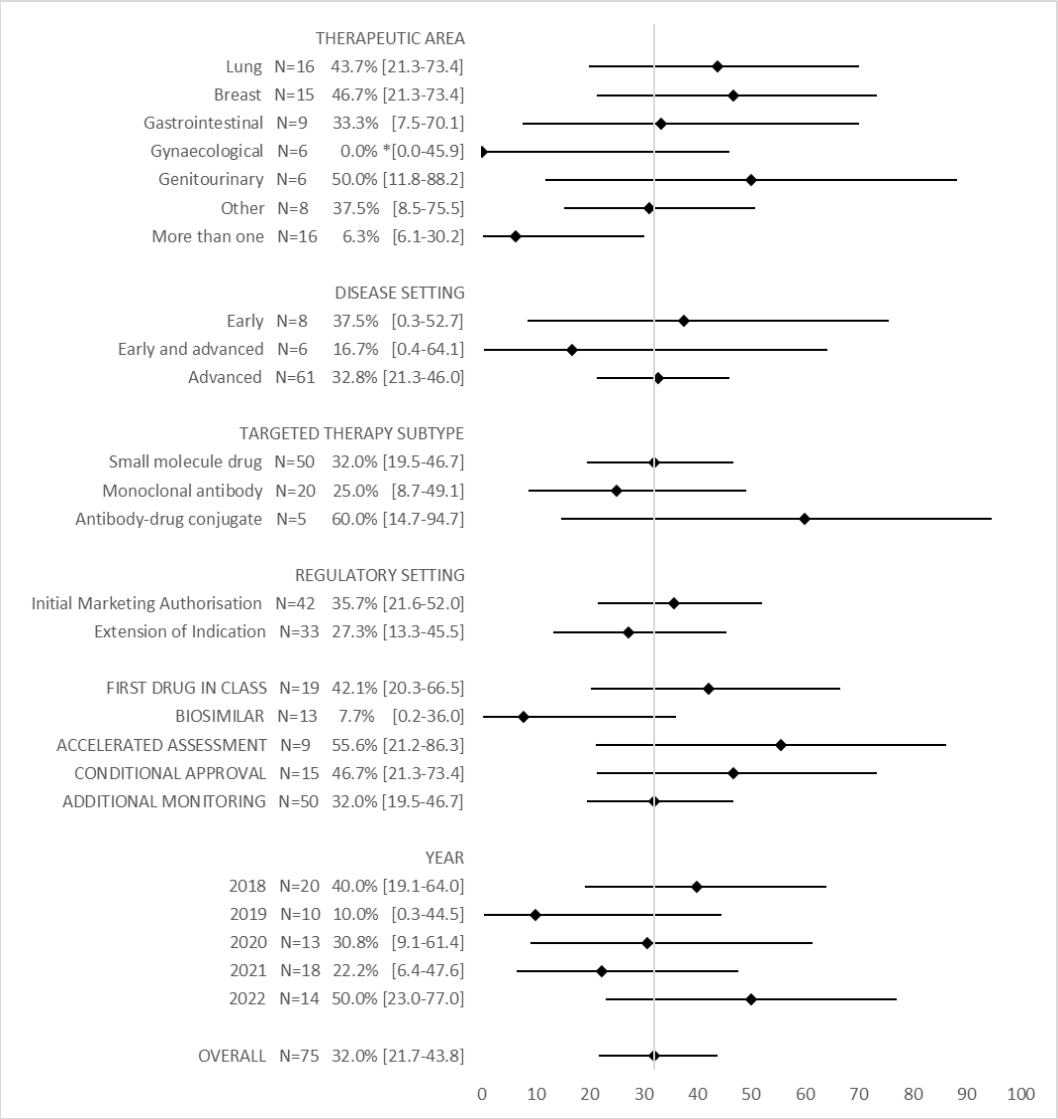
OVERALL SURVIVAL WITH/WITHOUT FIRST LINE PALBO IN RWD

	Situation	OS observed
ESME	HR+ HER2- all comers ET ALONE	39.5 months (95%CI, 38.7-40.3)
ESME (Jacquet 2019 EJC)	Endocrine-sensitive: ET ALONE Chemo +/- ET	60.78 months (95% CI, 57.16-64.09) 49.64 months (95% CI, 47.31-51.64)

	Situation	OS observed
Garly et al Acta Oncol 2023	Population-based, Denmark 2017-2020 728 1st line, 423 endocrine-sensitive	OS AI 56.9 months OS fulvestrant 43,6 months
Rugo et al NPJ Breast cancer 2022	Flatiron, insurance-based, USA 2015-2020 N= 2888 patients	OS AI + palbo 49.1 mo [45.2–57.7] OS AI alone 43.2 mo [37.6–48.0]
ESME, unpublished	ESME cohort - 2020	OS AI + Palbo 48.1 mo [46.0 ; NR] Requires more FU

INVOLVEMENT OF RWE IN EMA AUTHORISATIONS FOR TARGETED THERAPIES IN ONCOLOGY IN THE PAST 5 YEARS

Derksen et al (RWD working group ESMO)
Poster ESMO 2023, under submission



2008-2022
RWD USE IN 32% (24 of 75)
RWE supportive in 15, non supportive in 5, definitive in 0

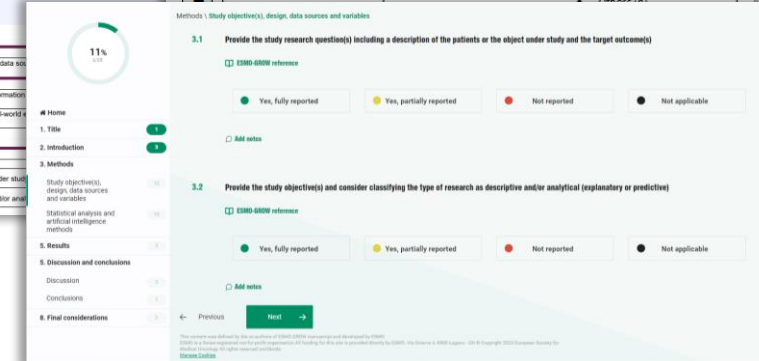
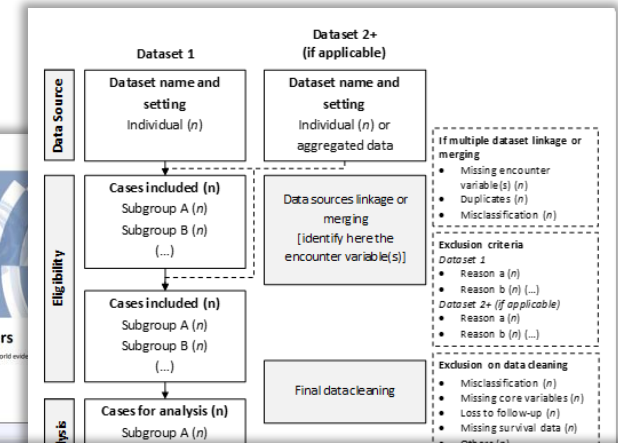
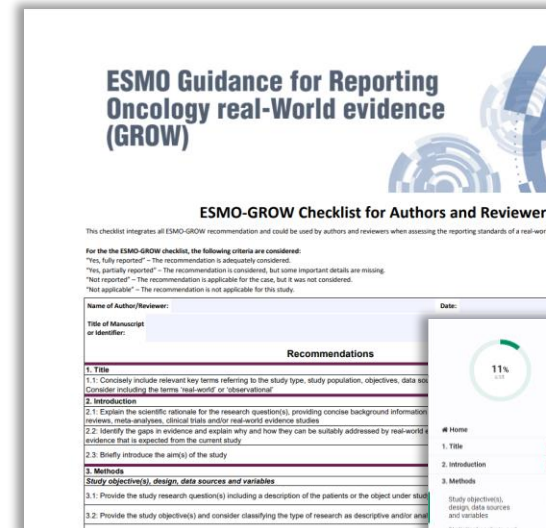
ESMO
GROW

- REPORTING standards
- Checklist informative score



ESMO GUIDANCE FOR REPORTING ONCOLOGY REAL-WORLD EVIDENCE

The first reporting guidance specifically developed for oncology RWE studies



Castelo-Branco L et al. "ESMO Guidance for Reporting Oncology real-World evidence (GROW)". *Ann Oncol* 2023; 34: 10.1016/j.annonc.2023.10.001 and *ESMO Real World Data & Digital Oncol* 2023; 1: 10.1016/j.esmow.2023.10.001

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- The whole ESME steering committee



ESMO REAL WORLD DATA WORKING GROUP

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Lise Bosquet
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David Perol
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